

Housing is an Important Economic Sector

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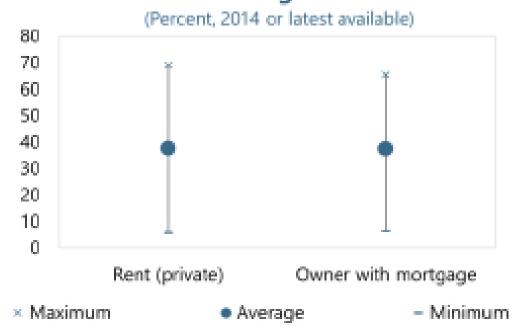
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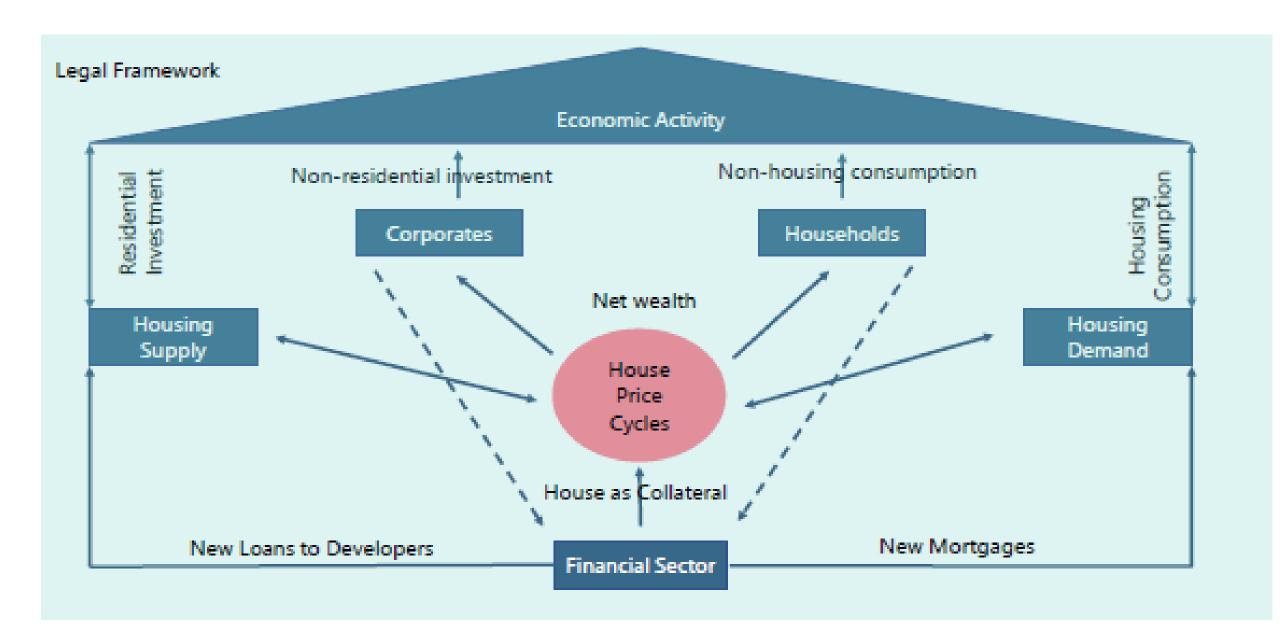
Housing is special

- Highly leveraged
 - Link to crisis
- Large storage of wealth
- Major supply-side effects
- Significant frictions
- Substantial network externalities
- Social welfare implications

Share of Poor Households Overburdened by **Housing Costs**



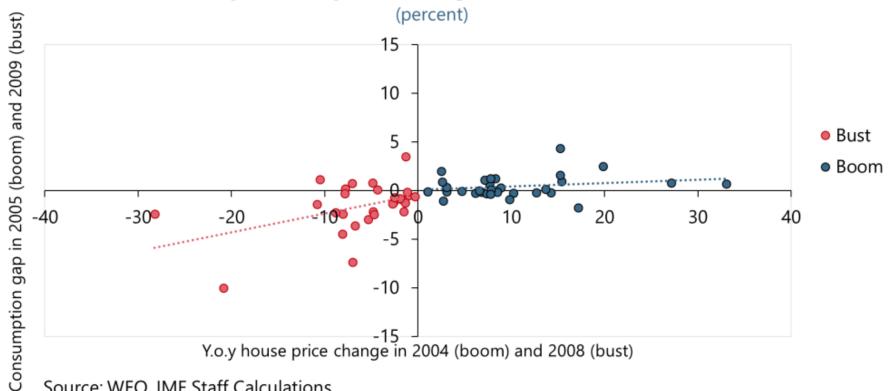
Source: OECD Affordable Housing Database. The chart covers 37 countries, mostly advanced economies. Poor households refer to the bottom quintile of the income distribution; housing cost overburden is defined as spending above 40 percent of disposable income on mortgage or rent.



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Housing developments have broad economic effects

Consumption Gap vs. Change in Real House Prices



Source: WEO, IMF Staff Calculations

Note: Consumption gap is calculated as the percent difference between projected values using precrisis trends and historical values of 2005 and 2009 respectively

Housing affects the economy beyond the business cycle frequency

